

p. 812 # 25. Find the curvature of the path given parametrically for $\mathbf{r}(t) = t\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{2}t^2\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{3}t^3\mathbf{k}$ and find the tangential and normal components of acceleration.

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = t\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{2}t^2\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{3}t^3\mathbf{k}$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{r}'(t) = \mathbf{i} + t\mathbf{j} + t^2\mathbf{k}$$

$$\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{r}''(t) = \mathbf{j} + 2t\mathbf{k}$$

$$\text{speed} = \frac{ds}{dt} = \|\mathbf{v}\| = \sqrt{t^4 + t^2 + 1}$$

$$a_{\mathbf{T}} = \frac{d^2s}{dt^2} = \|\mathbf{v}\|' = \frac{\frac{1}{2}(4t^3 + 2t)}{\sqrt{t^4 + t^2 + 1}} = \frac{2t^3 + t}{\sqrt{t^4 + t^2 + 1}}$$

$$\mathbf{T} = (\mathbf{i} + t\mathbf{j} + t^2\mathbf{k})/\sqrt{t^4 + t^2 + 1}$$

$$\frac{d^2s}{dt^2}\mathbf{T} = \frac{2t^3 + t}{t^4 + t^2 + 1}(\mathbf{i} + t\mathbf{j} + t^2\mathbf{k})$$

$$\begin{aligned} k\left(\frac{ds}{dt}\right)^2\mathbf{N} &= \mathbf{a} - \frac{d^2s}{dt^2}\mathbf{T} \\ &= \frac{(-2t^3 - t)\mathbf{i} + (-t^4 + 1)\mathbf{j} + (t^3 + 2t)\mathbf{k}}{t^4 + 2t + 1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{\mathbf{N}} &= k\left(\frac{ds}{dt}\right)^2 = \left\|k\left(\frac{ds}{dt}\right)^2\mathbf{N}\right\| \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{(-2t^3 - t)^2 + (-t^4 + 1)^2 + (t^3 + 2t)^2}}{t^4 + t^2 + 1} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{t^8 + 5t^6 + 6t^4 + 5t^2 + 1}}{t^4 + t^2 + 1} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{(t^4 + t^2 + 1)(t^4 + 4t^2 + 1)}}{t^4 + 4t^2 + 1} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{t^4 + 4t^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{t^4 + t^2 + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$k = \frac{a_{\mathbf{N}}}{(ds/dt)^2} = \frac{(t^4 + 4t^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(t^4 + t^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$